#### Study QCD Phase Diagram in High-Energy Nuclear Collisions

Νυ Χυ

#### Many Thanks to Organizers!

Institute of Modern Physics, CAS, Lanzhou, China Central China Normal University, China

#### Outline

#### 1) Introduction

# 2) Selected Results from BES-I (i) Collectivity (ii) Chirality (iii)Criticality

#### 3) **BES-II and Beyond**

#### **STAR Detector System**



#### Proton Identification with TOF

**Published net-proton results**: Only TPC used for proton/anti-proton PID. TOF PID extends the phase space coverage.





#### Data Sets for BES-I Program



 Largest data sets versus collision energy
 STAR: Large and homogeneous acceptance, excellent particle identification capabilities. Especially important for fluctuation analysis

#### **Bulk Properties at Freeze-out**



#### Chemical Freeze-out: (GCE)

- Weak temperature dependence
- Centrality dependence **µ**<sub>B</sub>!
- LGT: **CP about** *µ<sub>B</sub>* ≥ 500 MeV?

- The **K**+/**π** ratio peaks at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \sim 8$  GeV where model also predicted the peak of baryon density
- **HBDR**: (√*s*<sub>*NN*</sub> < 8 GeV, μ<sub>*B*</sub> ≥ 420 MeV)
- ALICE: B.Abelev et al., PRL109, 252301(12); PRC88, 044910(13).
- STAR: J. Adams, et al., NPA757, 102(05); X.L. Zhu, NPA931, c1098(14); L. Kumar, NPA931, c1114(14)
- J. Randrup and J. Cleymans, Phys. Rev. <u>C74</u>, 047901(06)

The emergent properties of QCD matter

# Collectivity

$$\partial_{\mu} [(\varepsilon + p)u^{\mu} u^{\nu} - pg^{\mu\nu}] = 0$$
  
$$\partial_{\mu} [s u^{\mu}] = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 N}{p_T dp_T d\varphi} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{dN}{p_T dp_T} \left\{ 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2v_n (p_T) \cos[n(\varphi - \Psi_R)] \right\}$$
  
-  $\Psi_R$  event-plane angle  
-  $v_1$  Directed flow; -  $v_2$  Elliptic flow; -  $v_3$  Triangle flow

#### v<sub>1</sub> versus Collision Energy



#### v<sub>1</sub> vs. Energy: Softest Point?



- 1) Minimum at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 10$  GeV for net-proton and net- $\Lambda$ , but net-Kaon data continue decreasing as energy decreases
- 2) At low energy, or in the region where the net-baryon density is large, repulsive force is expected, v<sub>1</sub> slope is large and positive!
- 3) Softest point only for baryons? M. Isse, A. Ohnishi et al, PR <u>C72</u>, 064908(05) - Y. Nara, A. Ohnishi, H. Stoecker, PRC94, 034906(16), arXiv: **1601.07692**

#### Anisotropy Parameter v<sub>2</sub>



#### Initial/final conditions, EoS, degrees of freedom

#### Partonic Collectivity at RHIC



Low  $p_T (\leq 2 \text{ GeV/c})$ : hydrodynamic mass ordering High  $p_T (> 2 \text{ GeV/c})$ : *number of quarks scaling (NCQ)* 

#### Partonic Collectivity, necessary for QGP! De-confinement in Au+Au collisions at RHIC!

#### Low **η/s** for QCD Matter at RHIC



### η/s ≥ 1/4π, 'perfect liquid' η/s(QCD matter) << η/s(QED matter)</li>

#### STAR HFT Results: D<sup>0</sup> Collectivity (v<sub>2</sub>)



"These results suggest that charm quarks have achieved local thermal equilibrium with the medium created in such (200GeV Au+Au) collisions." STAR: Phys. Rev. Lett. **118**, 212301(2017)

#### **QCD** Phase Structure



The emergent properties of QCD matter

## Criticality



#### **Expectation from Model Calculations**





Characteristic "Oscillating pattern"
is expected for the QCD critical
point but the exact shape depends
on the location of freeze-out with
respect to the location of CP
Critical Region (CR)

- M. Stephanov, *PRL107*, 052301(2011)
- V. Skokov, Quark Matter 2012
- J.W. Chen, J. Deng, H. Kohyyama, Phys. Rev. <u>D93</u> (2016) 034037

#### Higher Moments and Criticality



Nu Xu

- Higher moments of conserved quantum numbers:
   Q, S, B, in high-energy nuclear collisions
- 2) Sensitive to critical point ( $\xi$  correlation length):

$$\left\langle \left( \delta N \right)^2 \right\rangle \approx \xi^2, \ \left\langle \left( \delta N \right)^3 \right\rangle \approx \xi^{4.5}, \ \left\langle \left( \delta N \right)^4 \right\rangle \approx \xi^7$$

3) Direct comparison with calculations at any order:

$$S\sigma \approx \frac{\chi_B^3}{\chi_B^2}, \qquad \kappa\sigma^2 \approx \frac{\chi_B^4}{\chi_B^2}$$

 Extract susceptibilities and freeze-out temperature. An independent/important test of thermal equilibrium in heavy ion collisions.

#### References:

- STAR: *PRL*105, 22303(10); *ibid*, 112, 032302(14)
- S. Ejiri, F. Karsch, K. Redlich, *PLB633*, 275(06) // M. Stephanov: *PRL*102, 032301(09) // R.V. Gavai and S. Gupta, *PLB696*, 459(11) // F. Karsch et al, *PLB695*, 136(11),
- A. Bazavov et al., PRL109, 192302(12) // S. Borsanyi et al., PRL111, 062005(13) // V. Skokov et al., PRC88, 034901(13)
- PBM, A. Rustamov, J. Stachel, arXiv:1612.00702, NPA960, 114(17)

#### **Energy Dependence of Net-p**



STAR data: (0-5%) Au+Au collisions at √s<sub>NN</sub> = 7.7, 11.5, 14.5, 19.6, 27, 39, 62.4, 200 GeV net-p |y|<0.5, p<sub>T</sub>: 0.4 – 2.0 GeV/c

Nu Xu

#### Higher Moments of Net-Q, -K, -p



- 1) The results of net-Q and net-Kaon show flat energy dependence
- 2) Net-p shows non-monotonic energy dependence in the most central Au+Au collisions starting at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} < 27$  GeV!

#### Net-proton Higher Moment



1) Non-monotonic in the most central 0-5% collisions 2) Attractive enhancement at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$  < 20GeV!

X.F. Luo, CPOD2014, QM2015

 $C_6/C_2$ 

• QUESTION:

at  $\mu_B \sim 0$ , sign for smooth crossover?



Reference: B. Friman et al, Eur. Phys. J. C 71:1694(2011)



In central collisions, the ratios of C6/C2>0 and < 0 for 54.4 and 200GeV, respectively</p>

- > LQCD predictions are consistent with 200GeV central result, not trivial!
- This is qualitatively consistent with the PQM model prediction while UrQMD shows C6/C2>0 for all collisions. LQCD predictions are consistent

#### **QCD** Phase Structure



The emergent properties of QCD matter

# **BES-II & Beyond**



#### **STAR Detector System**



#### 2019 - 2021: BES-II at RHIC

√S <sub>NN</sub> (GeV)	Events (10 <sup>6</sup> )	BES II / BES I	Weeks	μ <sub>B</sub> (MeV)	T <sub>CH</sub> (MeV)
200	350	2010		25	166
62.4	67	2010		73	165
54.4	1200	2017		90	
39	39	2010		112	164
27	70	2011		156	162
19.6	<b>400</b> / 36	<b>2019-21</b> / 2011	3	206	160
14.5	<b>300</b> / 20	<b>2019-21</b> / 2014	2.5	264	156
11.5	<b>230</b> / 12	<b>2019-21</b> / 2010	5	315	152
9.2	<b>160</b> / 0.3	<b>2019-21</b> / 2008	9.5	355	140
7.7	<b>100</b> / 4	<b>2019-21</b> / 2010	14	420	140

Precision measurements: map the QCD phase diagram  $200 < \mu_B < 420 MeV$ 

#### **QCD** Critical Point



- RHIC BES-II: dramatically reduce the errors!
- CBM Experiments (2.5 < √s<sub>NN</sub> < 8 GeV) : Key region for Critical Point search

STAR Data: X.F. Luo et al, CPOD2014, QM2015; PRL112 (2014) 32302

#### Future Facilities for Heavy Ion Collisions



#### Acknowledgements

P. Braun-Munzinger, X. Dong, S. Esumi, S. Gupta, HZ. Huang, XG. Huang, F. Karsch, V. Koch, JF. Liao, *F. Liu*, XF. Luo, B. Mohanty, S. Mukherjee, T. Nonaka, K. Redlich, HG. Ritter, *M. Shao*, SS. Shi, M. Stephanov, J. Stroth, *XM. Sun*, *ZY. Sun*, N. Yu, *Y. Wang, ZG. Xiao*, *L. Zhao*, PF. Zhuang

// BLUE: Theory // RED: Exp., high moment //

#### Thank you for your attention!